Material Safety Data Sheet

MSDS No. N922FG Revision Date 2/21/2008

IMPORTANT: This MSDS is prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200. Read this MSDS before transporting, handling, storing or disposing of this product and forward This information to employees, customers and users of this product.

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Physical State Liquid

Color Transparent

Colorless

Odor Practically odorless

WARNING:

Oil injected into the skin from high-pressure leaks can cause

severe injury.

Most damage occurs during the first few hours.

Seek medical attention immediately.

Surgical removal of oil may be necessary.

Spills may create a slipping hazard.

Hazard Rankings

HMIS NFPA
Health Hazard 0 0
Fire Hazard 1 1
Reactivity 0 0

* = Chronic Health Hazard

Protective Equipment

Minimum Recommended See Section 8 for Details



SECTION 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture By Citgo Petroleum Co

Email: citgo@neutronlub.com

R&D: Alckin.Co

Product Number Neutron 922FG

CAS Number Mixture

Product Family
Synonyms
Industrial white oil
White mineral oil

Clarion CompressorGard

Neutron 922FG

SECTION 2. COMPOSITION

Component Name(s)	CAS Registry No.	Concentration (%)
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	80 - 100
Polybutene	9003-29-6	5 - 10
Oleic Acid	112-80-1	1 - 5
Butylated Hydroxy toluene	128-37-0	<1

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION SECTION

Also see Emergency Overview and Hazard Ratings on the top of Page 1 of this MSDS.

Major Route(s) of Entry Skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms of Acute Exposure

InhalationNo significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure. **Eye Contact**Minimal eye irritation may result from short-term contact with liquid, mist, and/or vapor.

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Skin Contact Injection under the skin can cause inflammation and swelling. Injection of pressurized

hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor.

Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

Ingestion If swallowed, no significant adverse health effects are expected to occur. Ingestion can

cause a laxative effect.

Summary

Chronic Health Effects Repeated or prolonged inhalation of petroleum -based mineral oil mists at concentrations above applicable workplace exposure levels can cause respiratory irritation or other

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Pulmonary effects.

Conditions Aggravated None know.

by exposure

Target Organs

No target organ effects are anticipated.

Carcinogenic Potential This product is not known to contain any components at concentrations above 0.1% which

are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

OSHA Hazard Classification is indicated by an "X" in the box adjacent to the hazard title. If no "X" is present, the product does not exhibit the hazard as defined in the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).										
OSHA Health Hazard Classification		OSHA Physical Hazard Classification								
Irritant Toxic Corrosive		Sensitizer Highly Toxic Carcinogenic		Combustible Flammable Compressed Gas		Explosive Oxidizer Organic Peroxide		Pyrophoric Water-reactive Unstable		

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES SECTION

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting rescue or providing first aid. For more specific information, refer to Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 of this MSDS.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin rescue breathing. If

breathing is difficult, 100 percent humidified oxygen should be administered by a qualified individual. Seek medical attention immediately. Keep the affected individual warm and at

Eye Contact Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure

water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if

excessive tearing, redness, or pain persists.

Skin Contact If burned by hot material, cool skin by quenching with large amounts of cool water.

For contact with product at ambient temperatures, remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with mild soap and water. Seek medical Attention if tissue appears damaged or if pain or irritation persists.

Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse.

Clean or discard contaminated leather goods. If material is injected under the skin,

seek medical attention immediately.

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Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to

who is not fully conscious. If significant amounts are swallowed or irritation or

SKIN: In the event of injection in underlying tissue, immediate treatment should include

extensive incision, debridement and saline irrigation. Inadequate treatment can result in

INGESTION: viscosity range of the product(s) represented by this MSDS is greater than 100 SUS at 100°F. Careful gastric lavage may be considered to evacuate large quantities

No data.

This material can burn but will not readily ignite. This material will release vapors when heated above the flash point temperature that can ignite when exposed to a sources of ignition. In enclosed spaces, heated vapor can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays

Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog. Water or foam may cause frothing.

Fighters

self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or

decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES SECTION

Take proper precautions to ensure your own health and safety before attempting spill control or clean-up. For more specific information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection in Section 8 and Disposal Consideration in Section 13 of this MSDS.

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard; do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways Or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spill as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE SECTION

Handling

Avoid contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.

Storage

Keep container closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at elevated temperatures. Avoid storing product in direct sunlight for extended periods of time. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers or waste residues of this product.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits (see below). An eye wash station and safety shower should be located near the work-station.

Personal Protective Equipment Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this material is used. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. The following pictograms represent the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. For certain operations, additional PPE may be required.

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Eye Protection Safety glasses equipped with side shields are recommended as minimum protection in

industrial settings. Wear goggles if splashing or spraying is anticipated. Wear goggles and

occurs, remove oil-contaminated clothing as soon as possible and promptly shower. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse or discard. Wear heat protective boots and

exposure levels are anticipated, a NIOSH-approved organic vapor respirator equipped with a dust/mist prefilter should be used. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29

leaving work. DO NOT use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since specific exposure standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the "Oil Mist, Mineral" exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum

Practically odorless

>1 (Air = 1)

Negligible volatility.

(cSt @ 40°C)

Flash Point Open cup: >215°C (>419°F) (Cleveland.). Additional Gravity, °API (ASTM D287) = 30.0 @ 60° F

Density = 7.30 Lbs/gal. **Properties**

Viscosity (ASTM D2161) = AP 600 SUS @ 100° F

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable. **Hazardous Polymerization** Not expected to occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Materials Incompatibility Keep away from extreme heat, sparks, open flame, and strongly oxidizing conditions.

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

No additional hazardous decomposition products were identified other than the combustion products identified in Section 5 of this MSDS.

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION

For other health-related information, refer to the Emergency Overview on Page 1 and the Hazards Identification

in Section 3 of this MSDS.

Toxicity Data

White mineral oil:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: >5000 mg/kg [Rat]. DERMAL (LD50): Acute: >2000 mg/kg [Rabbit].

Low-viscosity and High-viscosity White Mineral Oils:

DRAIZE EYE, Acute: Non-irritating [Rabbit]. DRAIZE DERMAL, Acute: Non-irritating [Rabbit]. BUEHLER, Acute: Non-sensitizing [Guinea Pig].

28-Day DERMAL, Sub-Chronic: Non-irritating [Rabbit].

104-Week DERMAL, Chronic: No skin tumors at site of application [Mouse].

MUTAGENICITY:

Modified Ames Assay: Negative [Salmonella typhimurium]. in-vitro Lymphoma Assay: Negative or no toxicity [Mouse]

Lifetime mouse skin painting studies indicated that white mineral oils are not mutagenic Or carcinogenic. Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects. In long term studies (up to two years) no carcinogenic effects have been reported in any animal species tested

Oleic Acid:

ORAL (LD50): Acute: 25000 mg/kg [Rat]. 28000 mg/kg [Mouse].

DRAIZE DERMAL, Subchronic (15 mg/3D intermittent): Moderate skin irritant (Human).

DRAIZE DERMAL, Acute: Mild skin irritant (Rabbit). DRAIZE EYE, Acute: Mild eye irritant (Rabbit).

Compressor lubricant:

Repeated or prolonged skin contact with certain oils can cause mild skin irritation characterized by drying, cracking (dermatitis) or oil acne. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage.

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SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION

Analysis for ecological effects has not been conducted on this product. However, if spilled. **Ecotoxicity**

this product and any contaminated soil or water may be harmful to human, animal, and aquatic life. Also, the coating action associated with petroleum and petroleum products can ш

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be harmful or fatal to aquatic life and waterfowl.

Environmental Fate Biodegradability: Inherently biodegradable in aerobic conditions.

Partition Coefficient (log Kow): >6 (based on similar materials)

Photodegradation: Based on similar materials, this product will have little or no tendency to partition to air. Hydrocarbons from this product which do partition to air are expected to rapidly photodegrade.

Stability in Water: Not readily susceptible to hydrolysis under aquatic conditions.

Distribution: Principally to soil and sediment. Petroleum-based (mineral) lubricating oils normally will float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway may be sufficient to cause a fish kill or create an anaerobic environment.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS SECTION

Hazard characteristic and regulatory waste stream classification can change with product use. Accordingly, it is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition.

> Conditions of use may cause this material to become a "hazardous waste", as defined by federal or state regulations. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues. Empty drums and pails retain residue. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose this product's empty container to heat, flame, or other ignition sources. DO NOT attempt to clean it. Empty drums and pails should be drained completely, properly bunged or sealed, and promptly sent to a reconditioner.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION SECTION

The shipping description below may not represent requirements for all modes of transportation, shipping methods or locations outside of the United States.

US DOT Status Not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation as a hazardous material.

Proper Shipping Name Not regulated. **Hazard Class** Not regulated.

Packing Group Not applicable. **UN/NA Number** Not regulated.

Reportable Quantity A Reportable Quantity (RQ) has not been established for this material.

Placard(s)



Emergency Response Guide No.

MARPOL III Status Not a DOT "Marine

Pollutant" per 49 CFR 171.8.

Not applicable.

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Oil: The product(s) represented by this MSDS is (are) regulated as "oil" under 49 CFR Part 130. Shipments by rail or highway in packaging having a capacity of 3500 gallons or more or in a quantity greater 42,000 gallons are subject to these requirements. In addition, mixtures containing 10% or more of this product may be subject to

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION SECTION

This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) **TSCA Inventory** Inventory.

SARA 302/304

Emergency Planning and Notification

The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and 40 CFR 355. No components were identified.

SARA 311/312 Hazard The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires

facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under the following

hazard categories:

No SARA 311/312 hazard categories identified.

SARA 313 Toxic Chemical Notification CERCLA

This product contains the following components in concentrations above de minims levels that are listed as toxic chemicals in 40 CFR Part 372 pursuant to the requirements of and Release Reporting Section 313 of SARA: No components were identified.

The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) requires notification of the National Response Center concerning release of quantities of "hazardous substances" equal to or greater than the reportable quantities (RQ's) listed in 40 CFR 302.4. As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically designated in 40 CFR 302.4. This product or refinery stream is not known to contain chemical substances subject to this statute. However, it is recommended that you

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contact state and local authorities to determine if there are any other reporting requirements in the event of a spill.

Clean Water Act (CWA)

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

California
Proposition 65

This product is not known to contain any components for which the State of California has

found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

New Jersey

Right-to-Know Label

Petroleum Oil

Additional Remarks

No additional regulatory remarks.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION SECTION

Refer to the top of Page 1 for the HMIS and NFPA Hazard Ratings for this product. REVISION INFORMATION

Version Number 1.00 Revision Date 2/21/2008

ABBREVIATIONS

AP: Approximately EQ: Equal >: Greater Than <: Less Than ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NPCA: National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NA: Not Applicable ND: No Data NE: Not Established AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

NTP: National Toxicology Program

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration HMIS: Hazardous Materials Information System EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

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